The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

561—Second Year. BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1863. PRICE TWO DOLLARS

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101 & 103.

Interest for the current month.

In account current, specie.

For balances in our favor 12p.%
For balances in favor of customers 6p.%

In account current, paper money.

For balances in our favor 12p.%
For balances in favor of customers 7p.%
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 1, 1863.

F. P. Maua & Co.

William Leslie.

Standard Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing fo-s of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on convenient terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under a editions established for such class of operations.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three* months, the deposits being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred dollours or one hundred thousand dollars on paper, in which case 48 hours previous notice is re uired to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

5th Bills or le ters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo Rosario, Sta. Fe, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the bank, undertakes all o ecutes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1863.

P. P. *Maua & Co.*

William Leslie.

IRELAND.

DRAFTS PAYABLE AT ANY OF THE UNDERMENTIONED BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL BANK. CAN BE OBTAINED FROM

WANKLYN & Co.

No. 16, Calle de San Martin,

Athlone	Limerick
Ballina	Londonderry
Ballinasloe	Longford
Boyle	Loughrea
Carlow	Mallow
Castle Blayney	Monaghan
Castle Connell	Middleton
Castlerea	Nenagh
Clonmel	Portumna
Clonakilty	Rathkeale
Cootehill	Roscommon
Cork	Skibbereen
Dublin	Sligo
Ennis	Thurles
Enniscorthy	Tipperary
Fermoy	Tuam
Galway	Tullamore
Kilkenny	Waterford
Killarney	Westport
Kinsale	Wexford
Letterkenny	Youghal

Cuyo 162 Hectares.

To be given in exchange for 4,000 fine sheep a splendid tract of camp, situate on the best, permanent, arroyo of the province: it is about two leagues long, and within 6 or 6 hours journey by steamer, from this city. The present state of the camp could not be more suitable for sheep, and the weight of wool is 12 reals to 32 mjs. per arroba, the land being only 4 leagues from the river Parana.

Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. at 174 calle Piedras.

Also an estancia to rent, with 12 paceros, including rancho-corrals galpones, and permanent water, alfalfa fields &c.

Apply as above. N 17.10.

London, Buenos Ayres and River Pla e Bank

(Limited)

80 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD 80.

Capital £600,000 Sterling.

The rates of Interest till further notice, will be as follows, for both Specie and Currency:

In Account Current.

Allowed on Minimum Credit balances during the month 6p.%
Charged 12p.%

Fixed Deposits.

For Thirty days 6p.%
" Sixty days 7p.%
" Ninety days 8p.%

J. H. GREEN,
Manager.

Buenos Ayres 31st Oct 1863.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

Chief Office,

QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,

Barbour, Barclay, and Co

CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.

Sept. 26

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

1 Old Broad-st., and 10 Pall-Mall LONDON.

INSTITUTED 1803.

For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Ares, Merchandize, Manufacturing and Printing Stock, Ships on the Rivers, and Vessels in Port, at Rates of such Moderation, Ships Building and Repairing, Barges and Aliers, Stock, Crops, Farming Utensils, Growing Timber, Hop Bines, Hop Bags, Hop Grounds, Household Goods, Horses, Carriages, Glass, Plate, Jewellery, Bullion, Bank Notes, and in fact every description of Property, on the most favorable terms.

Subscribed and Invested Capital—£1,400,000.

Thomas Augustus Smith, esq., Chairman.
William D. Christie, esq., Deputy Chairman.
Charles Bell Bosanquet, esq.
Augustus Clifford, esq.
Charles Cave, esq., M.P.
Edward H. Chapman, esq.
Geo. Henry Gabb, esq.
Henry Hucbinson, esq.
Joseph Lucas, esq.
Thomas Newman, esq.
George Pillodel, esq.
Samuel Hulbert, esq.

Sir John Pelly, Bart.
Wilfred Lawl, Esq.
Jervis Scott, E.q.
Geo. Wm. Cottam, Esq., Secretary.

Auditors.

James Hurst, Esq.
Thomas Farrer, Esq.
W. Barclay Hanes, Esq.

Actuary—Peter Hutter, Esq.

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES,
Messrs. JOHN BEST and BROS.
92 RIVADAVIA.

Reduction of Premium for Fire Insurance.

THE
LONDON ASSURANCE.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1720.

Insurances granted at a considerable reduction on former rates.

Private Dwelling-Houses insured on special terms.

Floating Policies issued.

Messrs. MALLMANN & CO. Agents.
118 CALLE PIEDAD.

o 30

Britton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance association chief offices Weststrand London w.c. Capital 3,000,000 sterling. Prospectuses for the assurance of annuities received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prosp ctus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks
Agent.

—7 Calle Mayo 7—

Good news.

The celebrated South Down Sheep Wash, on sale at Perry and Wilson's. The only safe and reliable cure for the Scab in Sheep.

South Down Sheep Wash,
Whoesale and Retail,
CALLE DEFENSA. No. 97.
Close St. Bowers. Agent.

o95 x.

ICE.

Ice is manufactured every day at the Steam Distillery, Plaza 11 Setiembre, and distributed about, to-n. Orders received at Demarchi's Drug-store opposite Sto. Domingo, or at the Confiteria del Aguila, Calle Florida, where a stock is constantly on hand.

Parties wishing to try it till this commodity may apply at the Distillery to learn terms, &c.

n 80 15 p

Wanted,

A man and wife to serve as steward and cook in a small family: when there are no babies. Apply at 83 calle Piedad. n10 6p

Wanted,

A steady woman wants a situation as Cook in an English family. Address "COOK" Standard office.

2 N 3 p

NOTICE.

Reduction of Premium for Fire Insurance.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

The Agents for this Company are authorised to grant Insurances, in all cases of a non-hazardous character, at a considerable reduction on former rates.

Private Dwelling-houses insured on special terms.

Particulars to be had from

Messrs. PATES, STOKES & CO,
68 CALLE MAYPU.

o 29, 3m

Sewing Machines.

Just rece ved, an assortment suitable for all kinds of Manufacturing and Family purposes They will be sold at most moderate prices than any yet introduced.

CALLE VENEZUELA, 264.

JOHN SHAW

River Plate Direct vy. 1863

This Publication will be found an excellent medium for advertising, circulating 1000 copies in the River Plate and in Great Britain. Insertions from $80 upwards at $200 per page.

Gun and Rifle.

A small quantity, of the very best description, for sale at 101 Calle Piedad.

o 2 m

La Zagala.

A sufficient time having elapsed since the publication of my Notice to Public and all Parties selling Pictures under the name of "La Zingara," I shall be obliged, and regret, to take just and prosecutings who will not prove expositive to the parties in dished.

C. WILES,
No. 7 Calle Moreno

o 16 m

Land For sale.

Mr Fremont offers his services to foreign estancieros for measuring land and making maps, plans etc. all work is done on a new system of his own and he first rate style and at reasonable terms.

Stop at Parmenio

Eagle Grocery Store,
102 CALLE DEFENSA 102

The undersigned begs to inform the public of their well and extensive stock of Groceries, Wines, &c., &c.

Drapery Department.

We have just received per steamer, superior lots of Striped Shirting Cambrics and Muslins Tweeds Linens, Prints, and White Goods Ribbons Flannels, Buttons, Velvet Pile Table Covers, Shawls &c. all carefully selected from the first factories in England.

URIE and MUIR,
102 Calle Defensa
Oct 30,1863. o 21 1m

Loan of the Argentine Republic.

The undersigned, agents of the N. S. Government, in virtue of the 1st Oct. 1860, hereby notifies the holders of the bonds hereinafter ment oned, that they can present same at the paying teller's desk in the said Bank during business hours, to receive the amounts to which they are entitled, by virtue of the drawings, which have this day been effected.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 2, 1863.

p.p Mauá & Co.
William Leslie.

SERIE C.

Bonds No.	16	413	1340	21 7
	48	5 8	14 9	2 05
	143	6 4	1 1	26 71
	199	731	1400	2826
	287	919	1410	—
	3 2	147	2 05	

Important Auction Sale of Estancia Mendoza.

Mr. THOMAS GOWLAND will Sell by Public Auction, without limit, on THURSDAY, 10th December, at twelve o'clock precisely, on well-known Estancia, situated on the River Matanza, about six leagues from the City.

The ground consists of nearly two square leagues, all fenced in with wire, and ditch, and is divided into six lots, each having brick houses and other accessories.

Plans of the Estancia can be had at the Auctioneer's, Calle Defensa No.114, also inventories explaining each lot, its superficie, buildings, enjoyment, corrales, pozitos, trees, fences and ditches, situation, &c.

Such a brilliant opportunity seldom occurs for a good investment. The proximity of the estancia to the city and its situation on a permanent river give it a value which must be noticed with the increasing prosperity of the country.

9 p n 30

New Grocery Store.

95—CALLE DEFENSA—95

The undersigned respectfully informs the town and e nntry friends that he has just opened a wholesale and retail Grocery Store where every article of the trade will be found, of superior quality and at the very lowest city prices. He hopes by strict attention to secure the kind patronage of the public of Bonis deFreezel in the Plaza Mo ed ence.

GEORGE ANDERSON,
95—CALLE DEFENSA 95
(late out of San Roque)
Buenos Ayres.

o6 x

Sherrics, Brandies. Whiskey, Gin &c.

The undersigned have always on hand, in cask and bottle, of excelle t quality and lowest possible prices Q. Octaves of Sherry @ $120 mjs., of good quality.

WILSON and CO.,
PIEDAD. 21.

o 6 1 m

Sheep, Sheep. Sheep.

Any persons wanting to embark in sheep stock can put up large or small numbers on well to mount the undersigned who thoroughly understands the system and will engage to deliver them if any part of the purchase exceeds the agreement. Apply to 64 calle Piedad, or

JAMES McBRITTAIN.
188—Calle Cuyo 188.

o 9 3 1 m

F. T. Rogers, Sc.

Ame ican Surgeon & dentist,
No. 101 CALLE BUENOS,
(Cangallo.)

Would respectfully solicit his friends and the public to the excellence of practice of Dentistry as set forth in this country, and to which end he begs to refer to the patients of his profession.

Those who may require the services of a professional man can rely on the most prompt attention and the best possible execution.

o 17 1 m

Eo be Sold,

ON NICE TERMS A NEW AND DURABLE IRON WORKS.

Steam engine, condensing and high pressure, of 6 and 8 horse power, both horizontal and vertical.

Iron steamboats, sailing vessels lighters, boats, and canoes.

Cranes, windlass, and screw jacks.

Punching and shearing machines.

Cast brass and iron all descriptions.

Cotton gins of all classes, and all pr ted iron work done at the Buen Ton Works.

JAMES HODGE,
Late engineer of the "Paron."

O 17 x

B Parody,

51—CALLE CANGALLO—51.

Just received, a large assortment of ready-made Clothing, for Spring and Summer, comprising a ts of fancy cassimere and black cloths, all ages and sizes, alpaca coats, in great variety, hats, shirts, &c. &c.

Also well-rubber coats, ponchos, hoods, leggings and 1 chamber el th, shoeand cloth, double skins, all at moderate prices.

O 26 1m

Buenos ayres Custom House AND GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE

Calle Cuyo No 5

The manager at the establishment offers to foreign and home houses, his services in all that appertains to custom House business viz:

Despatching and Coasting Goods, Exporting and taking out Guias for the provinces.

Likewise he undertakes to attend to paying, receiving, forwarding most care ully and speedily any sort of goods upon receipt of a letter addressed to the proper office, post paid.

HENRY DOWSE

JOHN C. KELSEY
Public and Official Translator,
140 CALLE PARQUE.

Carrying pack.

The fine first class Spanish Ship
"ESPERANZA"
725 Tons burthen, Captain M. Lopez,

Has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to the Consignees, Senor Don Jose Rouliu, or to

JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Ship Brokers,
Calle San Martin, No 56.

Forts, Sherries, Brandies

The undersigned have just received and will always have in stock, a choice selection of the above All superior clarets, in quarter casks, octaves, half and bottled

J. H. PAUL POTT, and CO.
10, CALLE CHACABUCO.

A 2 x

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

MANCHESTER UNITY.

A Branch Lodge (the Flor del Plata No. 8145) of the above Fellowly Society has been established in this City Any person requiring information relating to the same, can apply to

107, CALLE MORENO.
JOHN J DOWNING, Secretary.

Argentine Diligences

193 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 193.

Leaves for Flor Caseros, Quilmes, San Antonio de Areco and Cannada de las Rosas, 7 A.M. 10 A.M. and 4 P.M.

Leaves the Argentine Hotel in Morón Ramos and Moreno for Lujan, Mercedes, Suipacha, Salto, Rojas, Pergamino, Arrecifos, Capilla del Senor, and Villa de 25 de Mayo, 7 A.M. and 4 P.M.

Leaves the Argentine Hotel in Morón Ramos and Moreno for Chivilcoy, Bragado, Nueve de Julio, Rio Quarto, Mercedes, Lujan, Salto, Rojas, Pergamino, Arrecifos, Capilla del Senor, and Villa de 25 de Mayo 7 A.M.

Capilla del Senor	7
Arrecifos	12
Pergamino	15
Rojas	18
Salto	21
Cruz Alta	25
Rio Quarto	30
Mercedes	33
Lujan	36
Suipacha	39
Moreno	42
Morón	45
Buenos Ayres	48

Passengers for Cruz Alta, Rio Quarto, Mercedes, Lujan, Suipacha, Moreno, Morón and Buenos Ayres, will be charged half the above rates.

Passengers for Capilla del Senor, Arrecifos, Pergamino, Rojas, Salto, Chivilcoy, Bragado, Nueve de Julio, Rio Quarto, Mercedes, Lujan, Suipacha, Moreno, Morón and Buenos Ayres, will be charged one third of the above rates.

LAST AND BEST OF ALL.

71—Calle Rivadavia—71

Best English Black Crape for Sale at MRS HILLS.

Public notice.

The undersigned respectfully requests all parties indebted to him to call and pay their accounts without delay, either at his house or at Mr. Taylor's Store, 102 Calle Piedad, who is duly authorized to collect same.

Buenos Ayres, Nov 4, 1863.

JAMES HASTINGS,
104 Calle Cangallo.

o 6 1 m

Grand Ball.

Mr. Henry Beale informs his town and country friends that he has on hand a first-rate assortment of bombay, for dress, shawl, window-frame, &c. He having introduced the same before the additional duties were enforced, he can sell cheaper than any other house in town.

Please inspect the Corralon, 3 Calle Veneznela. n11 1m.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

On and after the 9th Nov the trains will start as follows:

WEEK-DAYS.

Salidas del Parque.

1.0	Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a	Moreno a las 7 30	
8.	"	"	10 30
8.	"	Moron 1	
1.0	"	" Tarde " Moreno 5 30	
5.0	"	" " " 6 30	
6.0	"	" Moron 7	

Regresos al Parque.

1.0	Tren de Moreno a las 6 30 llega a	las 8	
8.	"	" 9 30	" 11
8.	"	Moron 2	" 3
3.	"	Moreno 2 90	" 4
4.	"	" 6 30	" 8
6.	"	Moron 8	" 9

HOLIDAYS (1.)

Salidas del Parque.

1.0	Tren a las 6 de la mañana llega a	Moreno a las 8	
2.	"	"	9 30
3.	"	"	10 30
4.	"	"	1 3
5.	"	Tarde "	3 30
6.	"	"	5 3
7.	"	Moron	7

Regresos al Parque

7	Tren de Moreno a las 7 30 llega a	las 9	
9.	"	" 9 30	" 11
11.	"	" 11 3	" 1
2.	"	" 1 30	" 3
3.	"	" 3 30	" 5
5.	"	" 5 30	" 8
8.	"	" 8 30	" 7
7.	"	Moron 7	" 8

(1.) In los dias Feriados el precio de los asientos para las estaciones intermedias entre Parque y Flores sera de 4 pesos de primera y 2 de segunda.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

To Engineers and Carpenters.

For Sale, a first-class Lever, Levelling Staff, and Chain, by Elliott, London Price $1800

Apply at No. 20 Calle Cangallo, Pulperia, Hotel.

o 30 x

Wanted.

A Mediaeres wanted, who can pay for the half of a flock of Sheep. There is a House with four Rooms and good Corrales.

Apply at Calle Reconquista, No. 40.

n 24, 3 p

MENSAGERIAS

UNION ARGENTINA.

El viaje fijo mensual desde el Arroyo del Pescado hasta el Rosario, pasando por Arroyo Seco, Cañada de Gomez, Melincue, Casilda, Rosario, Pavon, Arteaga, Coronda, Santa Fé, Paraná, Gualeguaychu, Gualeguay, Nogoya, Victoria, Concepcion del Uruguay, Colon, Paysandu, Salto, Montevideo, Maldonado, Rocha, Castillos, Minas, Cerro Largo, Melo, Rio Negro, Bagé, Cangallo, Pelotas, Rio Grande, Porto Alegre, Montenegro, Rio Pardo, Cachoeira, Santa Cruz, Lagoa Vermelha, Vacaria, Lages, Nova Trento, Desterro, Laguna, Imbituba, Torres, Mostardas, Rio Grande, Pelotas, Bagé, Cangallo, Melo, Minas, Montevideo, Maldonado, Rocha, Castillos

ATACONS.

	Nov. 24.
Patacones sold	26,684
Opening price	27 10 to 27 15
At Intervals	27 18
Saturday 28th inst.	27 10
Various dates	27 10 to 27 15
Last price	27 10

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD.

$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Not exceeding six lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS'.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"A I falsi uudosm ail veri non audeam dicere."—*Cicero.*

WEDN SDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1863.

INTERVENTION.

There is a popular impression, that the Flores revolution will last for the next ten years, and can only terminate when there are no more cows to kill or blancos to exterminate. The people at this side of the River Plate giggle and laugh at the extremities to which the blancos are reduced. The Orientals on the other side sneer and despise Flores, and assure us that he can never enter Montevideo, never upset the Government, never annihilate the blancos.

Meanwhile, the country is being ruined, and neither the blancos nor colorados are the sufferers. It was all very well for the Government party to say to foreigners, the first week after Flores started: "Don't be alarmed, Sirs. Never mind don't interfere, we shall soon finish him." It was equally excusable for President Berro, when he had Lamas in the north, Muñoz in the centre, and Masarena within a day's march of the city, to laugh at this would-be regenerator, and deride the anxiety of foreigners. We can even pardon the easiness with which President Berro witnessed the escape of Flores from the gates of Montevideo, with Blanco on his flank and all the shopkeepers and others of Montevideo in his front. All this we can excuse—all this we could account for—because the ruler of the country set implicit faith in the courageous tactics of his generals, and put his trust in his soldiers: but there is one thing which baffles all comprehension and defies our understanding, and that is how Messrs. Flores and Berro have been allowed to go on so long.

We condemn Flores for his unnatural war upon his native land; we regard him as the immediate cause of all the ruin and desolation of the country, But, looking at the present lamentable condition of that republic, can we exculpate President Berro? When he found his old legal army and cowardly soldiers insufficient to suppress this nefarious revolution, why did he not, why has he not, or why is he not apply to the proper quarter for relief? Did he for a moment suppose that a handful of rebels were sufficient to ruin the inhabitants and destroy the country.

It has come to our knowledge that a set of Oriental politicians openly assert that neither the Argentine Government nor any of the foreign powers dare not interfere, and that the colorados and blancos must, according to the laws of nations, be permitted to fight their disputes out themselves, no matter what becomes of the country. In support of their opinion, they say that according to English law, 'every one may do what he likes with his own,' and Oriental and his wife may do what with their own country. We take these people at their own word, and without quoting Vattel, Puffendorf, or Kent, we will show them that whilst the blancos or colorados are dancing, foreigners have 'to pay the piper'

For the sake of the British Oriental, according to the statistical reports published, belong to foreigners. Ruined, evicted, and prostrated by the most nefarious wars and revolutions ever recorded in history, the Orientals have parted with their properties. The whole, or almost seven-eighths of the landed property in the country belongs to men who have no sympathies with the accursed political feuds in that country. Flores flies from Montevideo to Las Minas, from thence to Salto, and then sweeps down with his men along the coast of the Uruguay until he comes within half a day's march of the city. In his march has he not almost every league trespassed upon foreign property? By what right does he cross our estancias and tread upon our lands? Is he the guest of the owners, or has he asked permission of the proprietors?

For more than seven months now this unjustifiable revolution has lasted! With what effect?

1st Flores been declared the chosen of the people, and the whole downtrodden and oppressed country risen up *en masse* against the tyrant Berro? Have men of wealth and position justified the conduct of Flores by their adhesion to his cause. So far from it, is not Flores this very day leading on a heterogeneous, band composed of Correntinos and Brasileros?

Is he not this day gaining ground even amongst foreigners, more from the debility of the Government than the justice of his cause?

Four-fifths of the property holders of the country are foreigners. Shall their opinions be not consulted? Seven-eighths of the entire population of the country lift up their hands to Heaven and implore for peace. Shall they not be heard? It is in vain for President Berro to talk of subjugating this 'Will-o'-the-wisp regenerator without assistance. Ask and you shall receive.'

Englishmen are patiently waiting for the arrival of our esteemed minister, Mr. Thornton. It is to be hoped that he will land here next month.

Beyond the pretext of avenging the atrocities of Quinteros, we ourselves hardly know what this Flores is fighting for. Rivadavia is not in the case that he should be interrogated.

If Flores only seeks to take part in the coming elections in Montevideo, and solicit a free pardon for his exiled countrymen, then we say to President Berro, in Heaven's name, give him what he asks, and if the enlightened voters think proper to elect him as their President, let it be so: but if Flores, seeking to revenge Quinteros, abandons to torture his men into one awful cemetery, and to make a frightful pile of foreign property and foreign interests, then, in a voice of thunder, we say "no!" "no!" "no!" and let him learn what it imports.

We feel to see countrymen of the gifted Acevedo wandering through the streets in search of bread, to see into the frightful incumbrances saddled on the Republic of the Uruguay, and the enormous sums of money which are squandered. We sympathize with the bloody conduct of the blanco soldiers, but, steady to our principles, we side with President Berro, not because he is a blanco or a colorado, but because he is the lawful President of the country. He has trusted now for seven months to his army. We have put into our soldiers, ministers, &c. Let him now put his trust elsewhere. The Oriental nationality can be only arranged by intervention.

CONVERTIBLE EMISSIONS.

For some days past there has been a rather unusual stir in the "Casa de Moneda;" we heard of it, but notwithstanding all our plans and enquiries failed to discover what was going on. Some of our friends assure us that the directors were about to give a great dinner party to all the depositors, others that all the old illegible notes were being arranged in order that in consequence of the monthly fires not having been continued, there was positively no accommodating of the paper sellers which were living on it. Further, we think is everywhere, told us that when he dropped into the bank parlour the other day, he found the President with a big pot of paste by his side, he and the directors diligently at work pasting up the torn, worn out delapidated paper with which the bank was literally stuffed, counting them, trusting to the integrity of the broker. Notwithstanding how the bank was stuffed with bundles of our specie brokers, it is an unbusiness-like way, and the Casa de Moneda very properly has now introduced a measure which will meet the difficulty.

The Bank has decided to receive specie deposits of all coinage at their legal value, hold them for its profit, and emit or issue certificates of deposit payable in specie to bearer—of course such deposits bear no interest, as the bank can use two thirds of them, are obliged to pay its certificates at sight—these certificates as usual will be on a separate paper (a great place for colours), and of four classes and four hues.

1st for	40	fuertes color brown
2.	400	" light yellow.
3.	1600	" green
4.	3200	" invisible blue.

As the paper upon which these certificates are to be printed is not at hand, the first emission in color will be the $400 nue paper shall be the present be used.

Of course it is superfluous to remark that the Government approves of this plan, since the Bank is the Government and the Government the Bank. We regard the measure as useful and highly convenient, and trust the idea that it is a shift of the Bank to increase its capital. Still there are many who do not like distrust on the power of the Bank to emit these certificates; a fraudulent secretary or a swindling clerk can when these certificates are in circulation ruin the bank. We regret to be obliged to say it, but unhappily in Buenos Ayres there are so many treasury notes, vouchers bonds, &c., flying about, hardly worth the paper upon which they are printed, that we think it highly necessary the most stringent measures should be taken to prevent that long list of worthless securities being augmented.

LATEST FROM ENTRE RIOS

We have received our Entre Rian exchanges. Urquiza is cheering, and expects to have his wool in shortly. The camps are very dry, and rain is badly wanted throughout the whole province. The schoolmaster at the Tala had resigned, and Don. Eduardo Gutierrez has been appointed in his place.

The Budget is being drawn up, and consequently the ministers are very busy.

A ball was to be given in Concepcion de Uruguay on the 21st inst. he Governor and his lady, and several Englishman were expected to attend.

n the 8th of December, which is celebrated as the anniversary day of town, A procession and grand function will take place. All the householders are requested to clean the streets before their doors.

Dr. Dn. Pedro Vieyra, an Argentine by birth, and who has just returned from Europe, having completed his studies, has arrived in Concepcion de Uruguay, where he purposes to stop some time.

The clerks in the public offices, who for seven months have been unpaid, are in good humour now, having received one monthly pay last Saturday.

The Chief of Police is occupied in cutting down the grass which is growing in the streets of Concepcion. The town is about to be lighted with Kerosene.

We hear, with the greatest satisfaction, that the state of Entre Rios is greatly improving. Many Englishmen and Germans have crossed over from the Banda Oriental to Entre Rios, are purchasing and renting large tracts of land. Sheep, even the commonest kind, are increasing in value. Between Gualeguaychu and Gualeguay, the land is thickly stocked with sheep farms, that the place reminds one of the partidos of San Antonio de Areco, or Lujan. A well-known Irishman, from Buenos Ayres, has an establishment near Gualeguay, where some of the finest rams in the River Plate are to be found; he is now taking over some picked merino sheep from the Banda Oriental to place in Buenos Ayres to Entre Rios. The province of Entre Rios is making rapid strides in the right direction. In few years of peace, and it will be one of the most important provinces in the Republic.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The 'Gualeguay' has got aground a little this side of Salto, in the Uruguay. It is said that she has a hole in her side, which will be rather difficult to repair.

We hear that the saladero of Benitos, at Pray Pontos, begins operations this week. Cattle are said to be very cheap, owing to the revolution, every one wants to sell.

On Monday last there was music in the old Plaza. Soldiers and troopers, little boys and lottery ticket sellers, such a crowd, no one knew what it was all about. The band played beautifully: the men marched charmingly. Suddenly his Excellency the Brazilian Plenipotentiary made his appearance, entered the Government House, and all the clerks' to the President. Not being invited we, of course, were not there, but our reporter says, that it was one of the most affairs ever witnessed in Buenos Ayres. The reception room of the 'Yellow house' was decked out with Argentine and Brazilian flags, and when the Brazilian Plenipotentiary arrived, was sitting on a sky-blue sofa, with a view of Rio Janeyro before him, the Prime Minister was looking over certificates of deposit, *color green*, and Mr. Gully and Obes, who was covered from head to foot with gold lace, was looking over the auctioneer's list of the 'Oficinas.'

Yesterday morning the neighbours were astounded to see four large bullock carts in front of President Mitre's house. A 'crudo,' who was passing by, remarked that possibly some Argentine plenipotentiary had arrived, but he was not so, the bullock carts were there to load the President's furniture, who left yesterday for San Isidro.

We are happy to inform our readers, that from Bandeles southwards it has rained plentifully; the grass is again appearing, and the few crops in that direction are beginning to come round.

We perceive that down near Lobos they have hung a 'teniente alcalde.' The particulars of this melancholy outrage upon one of the camp officers of the law, we have not yet received, but we believe that the unfortunate man had excited the animosity of some gauchos, by serving an order from the justice of the peace on them.

The national creditors are getting furious at Mr. J. Cruz Ocampo's delays. He has not yet opened his office, or taken any preliminary step whatever It is even said about town that this Argentine successor has gone direct to Montevideo. We are requested to call his attention to the necessity of his immediately opening his office and hearing the claims.

Dn. Felix Egnguzin has presented to the National Government the bags of cotton, which, when the Minister is accepted with thanks. We hope that the Minister will see at once that this article is forwarded to the locality, and not allowed to rot in some corner of the Government-house.

The whole Argentine fleet, we understand, is at Martin Garcia, probably with the intention of preventing the 35 steamer from making another trip to the Islands.

President Mitre publishes a decree, recognising Sr. Dn. Jose Feli e Pereira Leal, as resident minister of the Court of Brazil to the Argentine Republic

The Custom house price of dollars, 17 of which make an ounce, $2-3-46 mg for the present week.

The "Times" has published yesterday a rather severe pasquin against the President, complaining of Congress, Ministers, Judges, &c. Now we know who is well known, signs himself 'Ventosa Sarjada.'

Dn. Jose Carbas' cause has put in a plea, and has exhibited also the "Mitre versus Gomez,' that the suit is badly brought in, as much as Mr. Leslie, acting for the Baron, has commenced the proceedings according to law, none but the party himself can bring the action. The probabilities are, that this technicality will hold good, and the suit dismissed.

We expect to-day to hear from the Standard "absent friend." The river seems to have suddenly that the Baron was obliged to up by Martin Garcia.

Sor. Don Estevan Rams and Rupert will leave in a day or two for Santiago del Estero, the former to purchase wool, with two sacks of cotton seed, which he has kindly promised us to distribute in that province.

The weather yesterday was excessive, the shop keepers on the sunny side of the street were really to be pitied—no awning, no means to save them from the scorching Argentine sun. We regret to say that sickness is very prevalent in town, and undertakers rather busy In Catacumba small pox is committing frightful ravages.

A rather ugly row occurred in the Concordia-house, between a clerk of an English house and a Spanish one. The cause of the fight was that the clerk in a rather off hand manner took the Spaniard's cake, a pow who natur ally enough got rather indignant, and went about to punish the offender. The clerk, who evidently had taken lessons in his native land from the Tichborn Claimant, gave the poor broker a most terrible pummeling. The matter ended without the intervention of the police. We hear also of a duel which took place on Sunday near the Recoleta: both parties were walked off to the Palicia.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE.

This vessel left Liverpool for Buenos Ayres with a cargo of general merchandize of considerable value. When 60 days out she was entering the river Plate, owing to contrary winds the vessel was driven to the South of the Falkland Islands, and was then observed by the Pirate, in consequence of which, the master was unable to procure one. When brant up from the Southward of Patagonia, towards the River channel, the wind at the time blowing strongly from the S. E, the master does not appear to have made sufficient allowance for the set towards the shore, owing to which the vessel ran on the edge of the bank off Point Piedras at a distance of about 12 miles from the coast, and about mid-way between Point Piedras and Point Indio. The master and crew took to the boats, and made for the Plenipotentiary arrived, was sitting on a sky-blue sofa, with a view of Rio Janeyro before him, the Prime Minister was looking over certificates of deposit, *color green*, and Mr. Gully and Obes, who was covered from head to foot with gold lace, was looking over the auctioneer's list of the 'Oficinas.'

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Mr. Ropes and the Custom House.

Mr. Ropes, a respected American merchant of this city, who is at present in New York, had been charged duties upon some imaginary goat skins; he protested against the tax, but paid it. The matter was laid before the Accountant General, who we are happy to say do ided in Mr. Ropes' favor.

The collector, under the circumstances, sends the papers to the minister, with a hint that the merchant should be refunded, and also with a suggestion that victim and chinch the skins should be taxed the same as goat hides. Regarding the matter of the tax, we believe they were all with Mr. Ropes, but we call attention to the matter as a proof of the growing honesty of our public offices.

We all know that out of a certain place there is no redemption; so also was it popularly believed with the custom house. A new leaf, however, is now being turned over. If the custom house authorities extort and rob, then we believe Mr. Leslie has been done in the absent American. We trust the next case taken up will be that of the Lamas. The decision in that case has been most unjust, the honor and character of one of our most respectable English houses has been affected. The next Dr. Elizalde can do is to receive the order, return the five, and acknowledge his mistake.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO

The barricades are stopped.

Another pasquin against the Baron Mauá printed in Buenos Ayres, has been sent down to Montevideo and circulated through the city.

Flores, it is said, wants to fight. We think, but he receives positive orders from his friends in Buenos Ayres not to do so.

It is rumoured that 0 men left Buenos Ayres, on Monday night, on the steamer 'General Artigas' and that 4 are to meet them at Maldonado and give them a warm welcome, but they were *missed* from the steamer.

The opinion in Montevideo was that this war unless a stop was put to it by intervention would last for years and years to come.

The 'divisa' or blue ribbon which the Government had ordered to be worn in the hat, is now, by special decree, ordained to be placed in the coat button-hole.

The Buenos Ayres correspondent of the 'Bolsman' states, that the Baron Mauá had executed that the 'Tribuna' people applied to him for money to stop the slanderous publications which were appearing against him, and that the Baron refused.

The latest about Flores in Montevideo is, that he is making for the Iron Land and has about 2,000 men.

The Chile had not yet arrived up to Monday night.

MONTEVIDEO.

November 21, 1863.

The real st te of the war is, that Flores can do nothing whatsoever against Montevideo. Many thought that with the interference of Generals Mitre and Brazil, terms would be come to, but the Government has given the most positive orders to Medina to fight him, and has in the most submissive manner, declared that no terms, no matter of what character, will be come to with the rebels and traitors. Medina, who is a very old soldier, is now more than six days doing nothing else but pursuing Flores to fight him, but as this great old soldier knows that Flores has not the least intention to fight, we fear Medina's chase will be useless in the extreme as well as pursuing a set of ostriches.

On the 20th General Medina, in order to be better enabled to pursue Flores, left his camp, huge as it was, and with his infantry at San Jose. Up to the present the pursuit remains. Flores in a state of confusion before the Government forces

The Government forces are well equipped, and amply provided with good horses.

The army of the capital, which is being organised by General Caseros, numbers upwards of 2000 men

The dandyfied gallant Senor Barao, as having been detected, numbers of the timid ones, who had retired from the front to the bank, are now again descending in the capital.

A friend of mine, who lately passed through Flores' camp, assures us that the people are very badly off, and that when they started the last force exceeded 5000 men, on the outside, they are only 3000, and these badly armed, and the upon crossing the Rio Negro, great numbers desert, particularly the Correntinos and Brazilians. Half of the force now in the Brazilian Commandante, Fidelis, dressed, headed by the adjutant, and taking away the baggage.

Another friend I can assure you, that this horrid farce draws to a close, and that the Flores, covered with ridicule and the malevolences of all good people, will sloop over from the Republic. Dr. Juan Carlos Gomez was perfectly correct, when he stated that the revolution was out of season, and that Flores had likely man to make a successful.

Yours truly. PAUL JONES.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

On Sunday, the 22d inst., the new engine, 'La Plata,' ran her first passenger train on this popular line. On arriving at San Isidro a magnificent device of choice flowers was attached, and thus gracefully decorated she returned to Buenos Ayres.

THE ORIENTAL SOLDIERS.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE STANDARD.

GENTLEMEN—In your esteemed paper of the 11th inst. I saw a letter from "A Subscriber" abusing you very much for I ling the truth about the murder on A ex. M'Eiken's estancia. This gentleman in order to clear the Government officers and soldiers from those shameful deeds, asserts that highwaymen and marauders committed them. I am sorry to tell him that they were really Government officers and men, and to prove it, could give him a few of their names. The commander of the party was Commandante Don Julian Ursa, who in the time of the long war was guilty of excessions which showed too clearly his great antipathy to foreigners. I "a Subscriber" wants to know more about him, let him ask who gave the order in 18 7 to cut the throats of 30 unarmed Basques and Englishmen on the road from Dolores to Durazno—prisoners with their hands tied behind. Laguna Pallock about two months ago, and surprised this very man to the consternation of his forces. Every man shuddered when he heard it, and we have seen the consequences. The second in command was Captain Don Nicolas Rodriguez, a nephew of Dolores. He spoke of this expedition in my presence, but took care not to say that they had cut the throats of foreigners unarm. One of the soldiers name is Juan Garcon, that went about the other day with a trinket belonging to one of the murdered men.

You have always supported the legal Gover ment, but let me ask you has it not done something to merit the loss of any supporters? Are the murderers of poor Mr Smith shot? Are the many armies of others punished? How is it that now a days every foreigner is more or less robbed? Of course we are men of Flores' men? It is, gentlemen, because the former are badly officered, and the soldiers who march in defence of the legal Government see the very best do it. It is not notorious that the Government sol iers steal our best horses, not to pursue and fight Flores, but to be used in the Government and Ministerial service I am, thank God, neither colorado nor blanc, Oriental nor Argentine, but I have always been a supporter of President Berro's Government, because I firmly believe it to be the best Government the country ever had. I am now so exasperated at the conduct of the Government, the rascality of its soldiers, and the imminent risk which every foreigner runs in a country where the most abandoned ruffians are now employed, that I feel bound to call Pre ident Berro's attention to these unpardonable acts which I regret to say are too frequently committed by the lowest officers of the very Government at which I have always defended. I would thank you, gentlemen, if you would insert this letter in the 'Standard' and I am happy to perceive has always displayed an antipath to revolutionists, and will be the last to perceive what we feeling most of all in this unhappy country.—Pardon. Yours, &c.

"A SUFFERING FOREIGNER."

Montevideo.

SAN ISIDRO TRIP.

Nothing, daunted by the host of pills available in our late sketch, 'A Trip to San Isidro,' I resolved on a visit to that delightful suburb, taking with me neither 'green goggles,' 'telescope,' nor 'pocket-compass,' but securing a seat in the evening session of the Northern Railway, with an accompanying when the customs guard on duty locked the carriage doors. The post 2 view of the Rotunda gave me no apprehension, neither did the grateful shade of beautiful Palermo detract from a landscape varied as lovely. To the full I enjoyed an agreeable trip through the pleasant suburbs of Buenos Ayres. Arrived at Olivos, a telegraphic process explained, 'Did you ever see the great sea serpent? Force he is!' and there, sure enough, at the foot f the Barranca, and about 200 yards out, was duly coiled and hissing in the sun, by way of representation of the monster. Over the viaduct, along the embankment, on the bridge, and finally coming out on the plane, still before me was the 'great sea serpent,' twisting and twirling its tail in the water on the left, in and out, in hide ous deformity. Lost in thought, what this could mean—for I was even of opinion that a straight level plain would not accord with my true direction in a railroad—I arrived at San Isidro. A pleasant walk through the Plaza and along the lower road, introduced me to some charming views. An excellent dinner, well served and moderately charged for, at the Florida Hotel, contrasted favorably with the 'Asado con salsa' and 'execrable beef cutlet.' A bath in La Plata I did not enjoy, but, gratified with my trip, I returned to Buenos Ayres, and dreamed of the great sea serpent. Can you, Mr. Editor, who knows everything, say why a railroad is so twisted and twirled that it is next to an impossibility to say in which direction you are going?

VIATOR.

CARDEN'S WISE CAN OF ICE CULTURE.

(The *Times* Sept. 17.)

(Continued.)

The mind ought in everything to be accustomed to form a just judgment. If it become too stunted to love ideas of truth and falsehood, what would be the result when it had to pronounce a stern judgment on itself, to overcome temptations, and when everything depended upon that upright sense of mind which was able, from long practice and constant training, on no occasion to swerve by a hair's-breadth on one side or the other? That the training of the mind must be by the individual was self-evident. No two persons thought and felt alike. He would illustrate his meaning by referring to a well known fact, although it might be regarded as rather commonplace. From the earliest ages poets and agriculturists had considered two trees as intimately united together—the elm and the vine; and those who had visited the beautiful plains and valleys of Italy must have been struck by the luxuriant growth and their verdure and fruitfulness. The elm grew up a stately tree. The vine crept up by its side, a miserable sapling without vigour or strength, unable to sustain itself. The one from last strength, the other gave beauty. They were born together, their roots were mingled almost inseparably one into the soil, they lived upon the same food, they sucked up nourishment from the same ground, they drank the same dew and the same rains of heaven. And yet no still, no power could make them the same. The husbandman might train and prune and manure the soil as much as he pleased, but he would never bring a single grape out of the elm and never form a sole containing stock for wine. They received the same nourishment, but they created what was given to them into a different substance. And so, two daughters growing up together, two sons going up to the same college on the same day, would be as different as possible from each other, and no power or exterior culture would make them the same. The aim ought to be not to make them exactly alike, but to make them both useful and good. His endeavour had proceeded to the consideration of imagination and memory. Imagination consisted in the faculty of receiving pictures in the mind—receiving them from without or even creating them within, although that created with in would generally be found referable to something from without. Thought and language were coupled with one another. Imagination corresponded with painting—the mind saw the whole picture before before it. But no two people imagined in the same way or had objects impressed up n them in the same way. Imagination had the power of producing pictures in the mind, but in every instance at a different angle, so that each contemplated it at a different point. Speaking practically, there were two forms of imagination each of which ought to be watched over and corrected: the one was excess, the other was de ciency. The excess came v ry much from this mind running away with the effective power, and strength was required to pull it back. As to deficiency, unless a person was called upon to use his imagination for useful purposes, it did not matter much whether his imagination was weak or strong. Imagination might be cultivated by the contemplation of nature, by the contemplation of art and by reading that which was sound and good. Take poetry, for instance. No country possessed such an unbroken series of good poets, from Shakespeare to Tennyson, in England, and the character of that class of literature was most wholesome. But he would not recommend the cultivation of the imagination by the reading of novels, many of which were founded on false sentiments and had an immoral tendency. With respect to memory, that was a power which varied more than any other in different people; but it could be cultivated successfully with respect to those things which we ought to remember and desired to remember. It might be encouraged and strengthened by reflection, by dwelling upon events and occurrences which were worth knowing, and mastering them, and by securing them up in our memories and by securing principles and attaching facts to the memory, not caring too much for mere details, which might be easily be obtained. While trying to cultivate scientific, historical, and article tastes, there were other courses which would bring more light to self culture than any of these. Biographies and narratives of travels acted better upon self culture of the mind than any other class of works. His Eminence next adverted to the manner of employing our powers to the acquisition of learning, from without, observing that the first thing to study was the bent of the mind, and then to ascertain its peculiar tendencies. A person by nature up ought to train his mind so strong that he should not fall into anything intellectually impural. He would by it down as a fundamental principle that every thing a partook in guilt of the nature of the action to which it naturally led or tended—and therefore if the ultimate end of anything in the mind would be wrong morally, wrong in action, that thought so immoral must be pursued with greater vigour and animosity than any thought that was loose and foolish, and ought to be at once eradicated. The greatest crimes were often committed in two different ways. The first was embodied in the little proverb, "Opportunity makes the thief." A man might have been strictly honest until the opportunity of committing a crime presented itself to his mind.

MISCELLANY.

THE LATE TRIAL AND CASE OF FIDGGINS YOUNG WOMEN.—It will be remembered that a few weeks ago a female named Sarah Potter, or Stewart, a procuress, was charged at the Westminster Police Court on no less than four charges of aiding and abetting in assaults upon young women, by flogging them with birch rods. At the close of the investigation before the magistrate, it appeared that the unfortunate girls that several presently, the afterward appearance of gentlemen, who were known respectively as the names of "Count Sedalia," or "Publican," "Irish Barrister," "Oil Nice Teeth," &c., had assisted in the brutal practice of flogging the poor creatures, who were tied naked to the bed-post meantime. While the case was pending, Mr. Sellers used warrants for the apprehension of the numerous who had so disgraced humanity, and their persons were so accurately described by their victims that Sergeant Birch, an experienced detective of the D division, succeeded in ascertaining their correct names, and discovered that they were persons of position in society, one being the nephew of a duke, and many of them of the more exalted station. Upon proceeding to their town residences in the neighbourhood of St. James and Piccadilly, Birch was informed that they were at their country seats. Birch went there immediately, but on his arrival he found that the birds had flown; for it is believed that they are now on the Continent, where they are for the present safe, the extradition treaty not applying to any of the misdemeanour. Sarah Potter, *alias* Stewart, is in the infirmary of Tothillfields Prison suffering from a threatened illness; and Mr. Smyth, of Rochester-row, the solicitor, has presented a memorial to the Home Secretary of the State, impeaching the credit of the witnesses for the crown, evidence, and setting forth facts tending to rebut their testimony. The matter is now under the consideration of the Home Office.

SUBSTITUTE FOR THE POTATO.—The Paris correspondent of the "Times" says:—A communication was held on Tuesday at the Zoological Gardens in the Bois de Boulogne to hear from M. Quihon, the head gardener, the result of his experience with regard to various vegetables recently introduced there, and his opinion as to their fitness to replace the potato. Various specimens of the potato boiled in the usual way were presented to the company for their opinion. The votes were nearly divided between the Lupsun kidney and the Leeeble potato. Among the plants proposed to replace the potato none appeared to combine so many advantages as the Chinese Igname. Its agreeable dry taste, its facility of cultivation, great productiveness, and particularly its capability of preservation, have procured it already a place in the French kitchen gardens, pending its more extensive cultivation. Tubers of this vegetable, when fried, or otherwise dressed with butter, were in general approved by the company. An annual plant was likewise exhibited from New Zealand, of which the leaves are of a pale spinage, and which possesses the advantage of producing leaves during the period when the potato is diseased. A very agreeable dish for a desert, prepared with Chinese rhubarb, was unanimously approved.

A Rare Bird Recipient.—A man named Lecelles appeared before the Tribunal of Correctional Police, a few days ago, charged with stealing and killing two cats, the property of a widow named Dupont. The complainant stated that as her house was infested with rats and mice she was in the habit of keeping several cats, but never could keep them long, as they were always stolen as soon as they got fat. Having been told by a neighbour that the defendant dealt in dead cats, she went to his house and there found the skins of the lost animals. The defendant admitted that the cats were found in his possession, as well as thirteen others, and that he had about that number every week every day, for it was his business to buy dead cats of the rag-pickers, and afterwards sell their skins and other proceeds. As to the complainant's cats he had purchased them of a young rag-picker named Jule, but he did not know his family name. At this moment a woman exclaimed:—"But I know it; his name is Dupont; he is the complainant's son, and he always kills his mothers cats as soon as they are fat enough to eat. I saw him sell the defendant the two cats in question." The president having told her to come forward and state what she knew of the affair, on to say that she had long known the defendant, who was an honest man, and got his living by buying dead cats, and selling their skins to furriers, their fat to the lay-up-shops and their flesh to the low eating-houses—at least all that he did not eat himself. The statement was confirmed by other evidence, and the tribunals consequently acquitted the defendant.—*Gallignani*,

LETTERS

The following letters are lying at the office of the "Standard":—James Gavner, Capilla del Senor; Mr. James Whiting, Buenos Ayres.

MICA, or TALC.—According to the "Tribune," a mine of this scaly transparent fossil has been discovered in Carrieres. The discoverer keeps the secret as to the whereabouts of what, no doubt, he considers a second Mont Christo treasure.

THE GUARANI LANGUAGE—We learn, with surprise, that this dialect is coeval with the world, and that it was known, according to their traditions, long before the Deluge. We must say that the correspondent of the "Tribune" must certainly have lived in the land of "mud," to have made this great discovery.

DESPACHO DE ADUANA

Zimmermann, 2 barricas azucar, 1 id almidon, 1 id grasa chancho.
Freyer, 100 cajones de azucar
Bell, 60 cajones id
Davenport, 2 cajones lienzo
Zimmermann, 40 cajones curazon, 50 tercios id vino
Passman, 9 id vinos, 50 barricas vino.
Billiman, 88 cajones cigarros
Bates, 5 cajones cotin anil, 3 id brin de hilo para pantalon.
Brown 1 cajon paño punzo, 4 id brin mante.
Barbour, 2 cajones lienzo fino, 3 idem medios crud s, 7 id brandruz, 11 in ropa encerado para marineros.
Deable, 6 id genero mezcla para vestido.
Dugnid, 1 cajon bordados, 1 id muselina pintada.
Milligan, 11 cajones lienzo tabla, 2 id lienzo azargado, 1 id lona blanca, 1 id medias crudas.
Nicholson, 1 fardo argillera.
Thompson, 6 cajones ineteria negra y de color, 2 id anteojos anchos, 1 id paquetes de algodon, 1 id tela de punetes texidos, 4 id medias de algodon.

ON 'CHANGE.

November 21.

Patacones opened to-day at 27.11 ., and closed at 27.15, 28,084 being sold for cash.

TIMES SALES.

Nov. 25	1000	27	19
do	10 0	27	20
Nov. 27	1000	27	14
do	2000	27	2
Nov. 28	7500	27	20
Nov. 29	1000	27	14
do	2 00	27	10
do	1 00	27	19
do	6 0 0	27	20
Dec. 20	3000	27	2

For liquidation, sellers at 7 2 p cent buyers at 27 13

EXCHANGE.

Exchange on England at 60 pence, and 3.23d. for Francs.

PRODUCE SALES.

900 cow hides, dry,			5110
2 0 do	do	do	109
400 do	do	do	140
50 do	do	do	107
80 do	do	do	100
120 do	do	do	5
230 do	do	mandero	118
10 0 ar hair, South			19
151 doz. sheep skins			170
120 do	do	do	100
8 0 do	do	do	180
450 arr. wool, fine Merino			95
2.00 do		do	90
700 do		do	80
150 0 do		do	88
600 do		do	85
400 do		regular	77
1200 do		do	70
10 0 pipes of tallow			1 yards
1000 hides, narrow matadero			44
10 0 qu jecks of beef			21
2 0 0 an. wheat, good			4165, 142
120 do		do	140
1 0 0 do		regular	135, 138
70 do		do	140
10 3 do		inferior	132
60 do		do	128
90 do mai e			85

MARITIME NEWS

ARRIVALS.

24th.

Montevide-o, Nat, steamer Libertad.
New York, Dutch barque Broma.
Liverpool, French brig Intima.

CLEARED.

21

Montevideo, Nat, steamer Menay.
Lisbon.

Rosario, Nat. steamer Pavon.
Cadiz, Spanish brig Precipa.

Lond

Montevideo, Nat. steamer Cuyo.
Antwerp, Dutch schooner Catherina Cornelia.

Do do do Antje.
Pan a de Indio, British war steamer Dotorel.

24

Brazil, in ballast, Prussian barque Genius.
Concordia and intermediate ports, Nat. steamer Salto.

ALMANACK.

November 24, St. Catalina, virgin and martyr.
Sun rises, 4.38. Sets, 7.1.

ARRIVALS.

Today.

Gomez, 557 Chillo Grande.
Gowland, 114 Dolores, 2 cows.
Hidalgo, 0 Sun ide, 4 co s.
Arrida, 74 Dolores, 1 cow, 1 goat.
Zunini, 184 Cordova, furniture.
Cobo, 101 Rivadavia, 1 cow.

SHIPPING AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

Ready made Clothing,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Merino ring of every description.
Youths' do.
Boys' do.
Sa CANGALLO 480
N 26 6 m.

NEW AND PADDLE STEAMERS, &c

G H HARRINGTON & CO

Architects, Engineers and Surveyors.
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Contract for Building every description of Craft for Sea or River Navigation.

Patent Combination Vessels with Deck Planting and Iron Frames.

Estimates and particulars forward d (including delivery at every port in S America

Protection from fi e.
PRIZE MEDAL 1862.
BRYANT & MAY'S
PATENT SPECIAL SAFETY MATCHES,
Wax Vestas & Cigar Lights.

Light only on the Box

The Patent Safety Match affords an instantaneous light as readily as common matches, whilst it is entirely free from and other dangerous properties.

Patent Safety Matches in neat slide boxes.

Patent Safety Vestas in paper slids boxes, also japanned tin boxes of 144 240 and 500

BRYANT & MAY, Manufacturers of Wax Vestas in metal and paper cases, and new patent, 60, 100, 200, 250, 500, and 1 000.

Sole importers of Jonkoppings Tannetin or yellow wax.

All orders made payable in London will receive immediate attention.

Whitechapel Lucifer Lamp and Match Works.

Wanted.

An Engagement in a Grocery Store, by a young Man who has good experience in that line.

Apply at No. 65 Calle San Martin, the Victoria Hotel.

n 24, 4 p

The largest,
Cheapest,
Best assorted Stock of
Groceries Drugs &
Ironmongery, with
Every article
Suitable for the Camp
Will be found at

THE MAIN HOUSE,

F. BRITAIN HOUSE,
64, 66, and 68, CALLE PIEDAD.
N. 17.

Wanted.

A Servant of All Work, with good recommendation from last situation.
Applicat Florida, 206.
n 21

Cook.

A first-rate Man Cook seeks a situation in an English family.
Address F. N, Standard Office.
n 21, 3 p

Alexander McGlinaus,
Of St. John's Canada,

Or any Person acquainted with him will confer a favour by sending his address to

John K. West (care of McGovern and Quill), corner of Calle Piedad and Pennsylvania, Buenos Ayres.
n 21, 3 p

WIND ENGINE

PATENT SELF-REGULATING

For Pumping, Cut Jobbing, Grinding, Chaff-cutting Sawing or Driving other Machines,

Destroying the power when not required.

Power of Engine from 12 to 4 horses, saving to 1 treble the power, prices from £35 to £15

HUNT & POLLARD,
PATENT WIND ENGINE AND PUMP WORKS, NEW PARK ST. BRISTOL, Manufacturers, London.

*** Orders to be executed also in Buenos Ayres. Persons unskilled or Calls will be sent out to fix them.

Prospectuses may be had of Messrs. and Co. of Fleet-street.

Wants a Situation.

As Cook, in a respectable family, a young Man, of good experience, just arrived from London. Address S. C. C., at the Office of the "Standard."
N. 24, 3 p.

25--25

FOTOGRAFIA DE MAYO

ON THE

-25-

of this month will be open to the public this new Photographical Gallery in the street

25 DE MAYO N.° 25

ENGLISH DRAPERY DEPOT ESTABLISHED.

ALEX. FULTON & CO.,
25 AND 27—DEFENSA—25 AND 27
Now ready for inspection, a fresh assortment of Goods received by last Packet.

Ladies' Cord Habit, Ground Shawls, Barege do.

Middle, Woollen do., Spanish Lace do., Mexican, Alpaces, French Merinoes, Barege do.

Flannels, English Manufacture, and other Dress goods.

Ladies Hose, cotton and wool; Cuffs—the celebrated Merino, &c.

Wool Vests, Men's Wool and Cotton Hose, Wool and Cotton Vests.

Do Pants, Scotch Tweeds, Plaids, Linen and Cotton Shirts, Linen Cloth Moths and Napkins, Huck Towelings, Glass Cloths, Oxbows, Stripes, Ticking, Glass Mattles.

Men's Moleskin and Corduroy Pants Do do, Tweed Coats, Alpaca do, Linen do, Patent Agetian Vests, Boys' Suits.

Bedford Cords in plain Moleskin do, Or new Satin, Linen Shirts, Linen finish do, Silver Shirts, and other goods, which are too numer us to mention.

English made Ladies Mantles of the very best description.
n 24, 15 p

Dutch Consulate,

Information is respectfully solicited concerning Johan Peter Andersen, who left Copenhagen in 1851, and embarked the same year at Amsterdam, for Rio Janeyro as a seaman on board the brig Dorwaldina, in Lord's, being then 20 years old, he was a steward on board the Ayres, being known as D. Pedro Andersen, and expressing an intention of removing to Buenos Ayres.

Information is also wanted respecting L. J. Ohrl: there are letters for him here these persons. Danish Consulate 3.0 Broadway, upper storey.

n 2 , 15 p

Camp in the Sun.

For sale a tenor of land 1 league long by half a league wide, with an excellent house, and several ranches in lower storey.

Apply at the drug-store of L. B. Wilcke & Co., 34 calle Cuyano.
n 14 20p.

Wanted,

A young man as General Clerk and Book-keeper to a wholesale house on 41 A German preferred Apply by letter to L. B., Standard Office.
N 8 n 22

Wanted.

A German wants an engagement as Teacher to Town or Camp. He course of instruction comprises French, English, Spanish, Italian, Latin, Book-keeping, and Music (Piano, Harmoniphicline, Harmonium, and Guitar).

All necessary recommendations can be given by persons of the highest respectability.

Apply personally, or by letter, to "B," at Mr. Michael O'Gorman's, Calle Piedad, No. 40, Buenos Ayres.
N 17, 10 n

English and French seminary,

CALLE INDEPENDENCIA 68

On Sunday, January 4th, 1864, will be opened at the above address a seminary for young ladies by Miss STUART, who has come from England, where she had some years experience in teaching, as also in France. Miss S. intends imparting a thorough grammatical education in the English and French languages. As Miss S. intends receiving only a limited number of pupils, early application is respectfully solicited. A French governess will be admitted, if desired, but not over the age of seven years.

Prospectuses will be issued shortly, when further details will appear.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 14, 1863.
n 14, 1m

The Fine Arts.

Just arrived from Europe a splendid collection of oil-paintings, oldel ithographs, &c., comprising an unrivalled collection of the most favourite subjects, by the best masters of the Italian and Spanish schools These copies are beautifully executed and off rent to the public at low prices. They are on exhibition at the gallery of the undersigned, from 11 to 4 every day, and in the evening from 7 to 9.

G. FUSS & Co.,
Successors to Terry, 80 calle Florida.
n 18 15p.

Se Ofrece

Un Jóven de 17 años para algun Escritorio, Agencia, Tienda, ó otro egercicio onde emplee con sus fuerzas y quinas aptitudes le permitan: tiene buenos informes y vive en la Calle de la Victoria 353.

No more Scab in Sheep.

Patented by Government.

General Store in Buenos Ayres at 263 CALLE BUEN ORDEN.

Depot at Vina Mercedes, or Messrs. Kuntz and Schroeder.

Store at Tuyú, Establishment of D Carlos Geyer.

The amazing time acting at hand, the Inventor of the Anti-Scab Specific for curing Contagious Diseases in Sheep, and all diseases Animals, begs to inform the Estancieros that it can never be applied to as an effect as after shearing, when it not only cures the worst diseases, but acts a preservative against the disease.

The simplest method is bathing the animal, whether sound or affected, in the manner prescribed by the instructions.

The Specific has been already found an effectual remedy for Insects (Garrapatas).

Numerous certificates may be seen, showing the high repute of the Specific throughout S. America. Its low price, put it within the reach of all, 25lb. suffering for 800 or 1000 Sheep. It contains no poisonous quality, and is sold at the above Depots.

CARLOS GEYER.

n 17, m

Important to Estancieros.

To be sold, two substantially built houses, situated in calle de la Victoria number 353, each containing seven rooms, kitchen, pantry, and bunco closet, well and algibe. Two thousand good merino sheep will be taken in part payment. For further particulars apply at this office.

n 16 1 m.

Meat here.

Wanted, a Butcher who can purchase Half of a Cheek of Sheep, containing in the whole 1400. The camp is 15 squares square, with good houses, and 6 wells of splendid water; distant from Buenos Ayres 26 leagues. Apply to Wells, cekhaus, and Co., Wells Brokers, Office, Calle Moreno, No. 317.
n 22 3 p

Hot Air Stoves, Portable Farm Boilers,

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work, Grates, Chimney Pieces, &c.

WATSON, GOW, & CO.,
ETNA FOUNDRY,
ELYBANK ROAD, GLASGOW,
Sole manufacturers of Watson's Patent Close and Open Fire Grates, Ranges, American Cooking and Heating Stoves, American Portable Farm Boilers, Steam Engines, Apparatus, Gill Air-Warmers, Hot Air and Gas Stoves, Register Grates.

Ornamental or Chimney Pieces,
Sheet Iron Work, Hot Water, Rain Water, and other Pipes, Pumps, Boilers, Pots, and Camp Ovens, Cart and Dray Boxes, Gates, Railings, and every description of Plain and Ornamental Castings, and Iron Work, suitable for Merchants, Ironmongers, Plumbers, &c.

Also Tinned Iron for Export to Foreign Markets.

REMATES.

Por Fo cio Silva.

En su Casa de Postal No 191.

Do calle de la Alameda.

Por Enrique Faber, Martillero.

Se remataran el proximo dia Miercoles 25 del corriente las 11 en punto del dia en el Almacen de Silva, calle de la Alameda con el siguiente surtido en muebles de todas clases, como ser:

Quinientas sillas Austriacas Sulzas clase asorted, 80 bu ca s, sacar de Pernambuco de 24 25 arrobas, 100 fosforeras gl ubre meten cristal brillante, 20 fil s nuevas zuecos, 100 fil de galbadil, 53 fil de chine, 200 fil de cotin Francesa superior clase, 200 fil vino bandeo, 100 fil de Holanda, 100 mil cigarros bambarruanes y portelon recibido para que se supriman por su largo estendido.

POR EL MISMO.

En su casa calle Postal No 191.

El surtido de Muebles siguientes.

Por orden de mis consignatarios.

El Viernes 27 del corriente se venderan á la mas alta puja y dinero de contado un completo surtido de articulos nobles Inglesas Francesas y Alemanes el portelon recibido para este objeto.

Remuebles de varias marcas, saranas para colchas, fil para camisas, pabellon's de algod n, tres dormitorios bien nuevos y sencillos mahogonio, palisandro, Tucumanos ultra finos, bañadores de seda, bronce, alfombras, cortinas, cubre camas, cortinas tricoseas en cretas y en pieza, poncho de vicuña, pabellon de hilo, mantas de lana de la tierra, colchones para de la cama, colchas de seda y porcion de articulos que se suprimen por su largo estendido a

Name! Name!! Name!!!

Parties requiring Rams of the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Carmelito, camino de Pila, partido de Ajó.

The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electorales, and Rambouillet crossed with first class merinos.

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, insure at moderate amounts although by sea, or on shore.

Office—Calle Reconquista 58

Directors.

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President.
" " Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President.
" " Felipe Llavallol.
" " Manuel Zumaran.
" " Jacobo Peravicini.
" " Enrique Tomkinson.
" " Mariano Guerra.
" " Fr. nelco F. Moreno, Gerente.

MONEY ORDERS,

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on Co. *Bankers Messrs. Prescott, Grote & Co. Bankers* LONDON.

And on *J. Barned & Co. Bankers* LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 66 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.

THOMAS B HALL,

ENGLISH SADDLERY
AND
HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT
86—Piedad—86,
Suffered Brea.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT
ON THE UNION BANK
OF
IRELAND.
ISSUED BY THE
LONDON, BUENOS AYRES
AND
RIVER PLATE BANK.
Calle de la Piedad No. 80.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
CALLE LARGA DE BARRACAS
Dor.—Mr. Pongerard, f the London Finite rality College.

This Establishment, which from its foundation has been patronised by the principa British families of Buenos Ayres, is an exact reproduction of an E glish School where a sound commercial education combined with the acquisition of the French and Spanish languages is imparted to the pupils, and based upon the same system as in all first class European institutions of the kind.

An ever-faithful and constant supervision, and a strict maintenance of order and propriety, are a sufficient guarantee for the morals and behaviour of the pupils are carefully attended to.

The different branches taught in the English Grammar School comprise the English, French and Spanish languages History, Geography, Arithmetic, and Book keeping in all its parts, Writing, and Religious Instruction.

Extra branches, such as Latin, Mathematics, German, Music and Drawing, are also taught by special masters.

The situation of the English Grammar School, in one of the most delightful Quintas of the Calle Large of Barracas, at the very gates of the city, is one of the most healthful and picturesque of the suburbs of Buenos Ayres.

For particulars apply for prospectuses at the Standard Office, Calle Belgrano 74

Dr. P. PONGERARD,

o 18 x

MOST IMPORTANT
DISCOVERY OF THE DAY
The Sheep-raiser is and the
Public in general.

F. C. Calvert's Phenyline & Thereclaire's Sheep Soap

The great reputation these specifics have enjoyed in England as destroyers of the parasites of animals of all sizes where they have been applied, has induced the proprietor to place them in the market at a time of ten increase sheep-farming interest of the country. To enable sheep-farmers to give them an extensive trial without much outlay, put only in the quantities of one dozen bottles of Phenyline and one dozen cakes of Thereclaire Soap. Proportionate quantities of both will be duly sent a fair trial, during most part of the month. The following is a list of some of the uses to which these antiseptics may be applied:—Phenyline destroys lice, ticks, maggots, and all parasites that infest the hair, fleece, udder, a dangerous scabby sore. Thereclaire Soap cures all diseases and sores of animals.

The wonderful efficacy of these specifics has been so long established in Europe and America that it would be superfluous to enlarge upon their merits. Phenyline is found invaluable against foot-rot, and Thereclaire Soap will cure it. Phenyline will destroy the fly and maggots in the wool, and Thereclaire Soap will remove and remedy the sores and wounds made by the fly-blow. Phenyline is the only and Antiseptic that has the approval sign—Thereclaire Soap will repel flies for the perfectly natural and safest. The Soap is made from the lichen is also declared to be superior to every ingredient.

Agents in Buenos Ayres—
HILARI BROTHERS AND CO
Calle Cangallo 50.
WESTON AND Co.
Reconquista 58.

Wholesale Depot—
Calle Cangallo 50, Buenos Ayres.

We have on hand a few bottles of both articles in bottles of two pounds each. After both articles in bottles of two pounds each. After both articles, which has attained to an indubitable renown.

Public Notice.

Passengers per British barque "Mystery," who owe balances of passage-money to Captain Hamilton, will please call to the undersigned, who is duly authorised to collect same.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 23, 1863.

THOMAS NUTTALL,
99 Calle 25 de Mayo.

n 24, 14 p

STEAMBOAT AGENCY
NATIONAL DILIGENCES
AND GENERAL COMMISSIONS
WM. MATTI and CO.
30 CANGALLO 30.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
Taking Passengers and Cargo—
THE LIBERTAD
Leaves every Thursday and Saturday at 5 o'clock afternoon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR MONTEVIDEO
The Steamer
SALTO
Leaves every Thursday at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and returns every Thursday in the morning; leaves at 10 a.m. the same day for Uruguyan ports.

FOR RIO.
The fastest and most commodious steamer in the river,
THE PAVON.
Captain Price—calls at all intermediate ports, leaves every Thursday and Sunday at 10 o'clock returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

The steamer Anglo-Argentina takes the passengers to San Pedro and Barradero.

FOR GUALEGUAY,
THE LOS OCOTAS
Starts from the "Boca do ba 9 vuelas," every Friday on the arrival of the Paran. and returns each Tuesday.

FOR SANTA FE.
THE ESPIGADOR
Leaves Rosario each Friday, two hours after the arrival of the Paran, and returns each Tuesday in time to catch the Pavon for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES
Calling at intermediate ports in Paraná
THE ESMERALDA
Leaves Rosario after the arrival of the Pavon on Tuesday 10th November, returns 20th.

FOR SALTO
And Intermediate Uruguyan Ports.
THE SALTO
Leaves every Thursday at 10 a.m., and returns each Sunday, en route for Montevideo. On her arrival in Fray Benton the steamer Gualeguaychu leaves for Gualeguaychu, and the diligence for Mercedes.

FARES:

To Montevideo (cabin)	8 patacones
Zarate do	4 "
San Pedro do	6 "
Obligado do	10 "
San Nicolas do	12 "
Gun spago	12 "
Rosario do	16 "
San Lorenzo do	18 "
Pitarendo do	20 "
Santa Fé do	24 "
Paraná do	
La Paz do	32 "
La Esquina do	36 "
Goya do	40 "
Bella Vista do	44 "
Empedrado do	48 "
Corrientes do	52 "
Nueva Pahuleo do	4 "
Fray Bentos do	6 "
Gualeguaychú	8 "
Mercedes	
Concepcion idem	8 "
Paysandú do	10 "
Salto and C.ncordia do	12 "

Deck Half-price.

FREIGHTS:

To Montevideo, per ton	4 dollars
Rosario	6 "
San Nicolas	8 "
Paraná	
La Paz	10 "
Bella Vista	
La Esquina	
Goya	
Corrientes	12 "
The Uruguay Ports	10 "

FOR CUYABA,
Calling at intermediate ports, the
MARQUESA DE BRINDA
Will sail on the 4th November.

FARES:

San Nicolas	16 pats.
Rosario	20
Parana	28
Corrientes	60
Asuncion	80
Corumba	142

For Bahia Blanca & Patagones.
THE CORRIENTES
Will leave on the 15th Nov., at 12 o'clock.

Fares—Cabin 800 do's., Deck 300 dols.
Freight dols. per ton and 8 p$, Gold 1 per 1 p$

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

DILIGENCES.
CUYO ROUTE.
Leaves Rosario every Tuesday at 10 o'clock a.m. for San Geronimo Villeside, Rio 4°, San Luis, Mendoza, and San Juanis

NORTH ROUTE.
Leaves Rosario every Tuesday and Friday at 10 a.m. for Cordova, Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, and Cat-marca.

For all particulars apply at the agency

WILLIAM MATTI AND CO.
Cangallo 30, Buenos Ayres.
o 27, 1 m

Boots, Boots, Boots

If you want good boots for the Campo go to Goodsell's, Calle Defensa 110.

Orders executed with neatness and despatch Good workmanship guaranteed

No slop work or thread sole. At tells is all that is allotted.

R. GODSALL
100, CALLE DEFENSA.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61 CORRIENTES 61

Now ready for inspection, an extensive and unequalled display of the newest and most fashionable Spring and Summer Goods for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants, selected for both TOWN and COUNTRY buyers; also an immense quantity of articles adapted for EVERY SEASON. The extent of this Stock precludes the possibility of enumerating in an advertisement its infinite variety, which will be further augmented during the Summer Months, by a excess lot of arrivals, by steamer, of the choicest Goods selected by the Agents of this house from the London and Paris markets.

HOSIERY, UNDER CLOTHING, &c., FOR GENTLEMEN,

Fresh supplies of superior London made BOOTS and SHOES for Ladies and Children, received MONTHLY.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
61—*CORRIENTES*—61

Opened 1861, expressly to supply Town and Country purchasers with the *best* Goods at *moderate prices.*

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Opening of the San Isidro Station.
Week Days.

LEAVES.	1st Train a.m.	2nd Train a.m.	3rd Train p.m.	4th Train p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	6 30	10	1 30	5
" San Fernando	6 40	10 10	1 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7	10 30	2	5 30
" San Isidro	7 15	11	2 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	11 15	2 30	6

RETURNS.	1st Train a.m.	2nd Train a.m.	3rd Train p.m.	4th Train p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11 45	3	7 30
" San Fernando	8 15	11 45	3 15	7 15
" Belgrano	8 40	12 10	3 40	7 40
" 25 de Mayo	8	12 30	4	8
Arrives at 25 de Mayo	9	12 45	4 15	8 15

Sundays and Holidays

LEAVES.	1st Train a.m.	2nd Train a.m.	3rd Train p.m.	4th Train p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	6 30	9 45	3 30	5
" San Fernando	6 40	9 55	3 40	5 10
" Belgrano	7	10 15	4	5 30
" San Isidro	7 15	10 30	4 15	5 45
Arrives at San Isidro	7 30	10 45	4 30	6

RETURNS.	1st Train a.m.	2nd Train a.m.	3rd Train p.m.	4th Train p.m.
From San Isidro	8	11	5	7
" San Fernando	8 15	11 15	5 15	7 15
" Belgrano	8 40	11 40	5 40	7 40
" 25 de Mayo	9	12	6	8
Arrives at 25 de Mayo	9 15	12 15	6 15	8 15

The trains both going and coming stop at Remedios and Belgrano.

The Administration.

STRENGTH AND DURABILITY
THE NEW CAMP RAZOR
OR MACHINE
FOR CUTTING THISTLES AND ARROWS,
Moveable corrals, trascorrals, chiqueros,
LAND MARKS,
IRON WIRE FENCES, FOR RODEOS, POTREROS &C.
Endless Iron Troughs, for Sheep and Cattle,
IRON TANKS, particularly arranged for easy conveyance.
245—calle Buen Orden—245

CHEAP CONVEYANCE — EASILY PLANTED OR FENCED

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF BUENOS AYRES.

DIRECTORS.

D. Miguel Ascuenaga, President
D Reynaldo Gonzalez, Vice-President
D Antonio Marcó del Pont
D Jacobo Peravicini
D C.nstant Sidcamanda

OFFICIALS.

D Alex L. Gooch, Manager
D Estevan Rideau Sub Man.ger
D. Juan Gandin, Secretary.

Offices—87 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

The want has long been felt of an establishment at which the rapid and laborious elite might deposit the savings, so as to earn no risk, and to put at the same time a good return.

This institution is calculated to answer such a purpose exceeding the benefits of the establishment to even its founders' wishes.

Public attention is, therefore, specially called to the manner of subscription, and the times of funds, according to the rules of the association.

1st. Without loss of capital by death of the assur. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and on the accumulated interest payable by the death of other shareholders at their Obits, when cap.tal, however is returned.

2nd. With loss of capital and interest by leaver's death. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a prop rtional part of the capital and interest of all who die in the class.

All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.

The capital of the Co. shall be invested only in landed property (finca), and will be constantly growing.

The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Co.

For further particulars, apply at the Co's office 87 calle S Martin (after) between the hours of 11 — 4 p. prospectuses given on applicat on.

j17

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,
ALEX. FULTON & CO.,
25 AND 27 DEFENSA 25 AND 27

SAVINGS BANK.
BANK MAUA & C°
— No. 103 calle de Cangallo. —
BUENOS-AYRES.

The immense advantages of *Accounts Current* are now so generally felt, and appreciated in the two great empiriums of the Rio de Plata—Montevideo & Buenos Ayres—that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place their most confidential

The Bank of Maua & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working class in that city a safe profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of Clerks, artisans, or labourers & servants of classes & conditions, whose equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a *reserve fund* in case of a *sickness or old age* inst ad of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries and other vicious

The Bank of Maua and Co. of this city following the example of their firm in Montevideo now offer the same facilities in this city and till open on the 1st October a "Savings Bank" at No 103 calle Cangallo from 9 a. m. to 3 p.m. on week days and on Sundays and holidays from 10 a. m. to 12 noon for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a Pass Book in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

No depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the *whole or part* of the sum deposited, in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Maua and Co. is sufficiently known to the public by the business conducted from the course of its operations to require any recommendation as to the security and soundest principles and integrity which guide the conduct of the establishment.

The Bank of Maua and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres September 19th 1863.

p. p. Maua & Co.
WILLIAM LASLIE.

CONDITIONS.

1st. The Bank receives at interest any sum from *Twenty five dollars currency* or *one silver dollar* upwards.

2nd. The interest allowed is *six per cent* [6 p$] per annum which is liquidated every six months

3rd. The depositor can at any time retire the *whole or part* of the money deposited.

4th. Once the amount deposited exceeds *Twenty five thousand dollars currency* or *one thousand dollars silver* the depositor if he wishes can open an *account current* according to the rules established by the Bank.

5th. In case the depositor loses the Pass Book it can be replaced by another on paying *twelve dollars currency*, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT
OF
BUENOS AYRES,
49 and 51 CALLE DEFENSA.
PATRICK GALBRAITH,
Successor to WILLIAM GIBSON,

Begs to intimate that he has just received an immense variety of New Goods, expressly to supply the wants of Camp purchasers, consisting of

Men's and Youths' Moleskin and Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Windsor Cord Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Trousers,
Men's and Youths' Doe and Tweed Jackets and Vests,
Men's Pilot Jackets and Tweed Suits,
Men's best Jean Stripe Shirts and Shirting Stripe,
Men's and Youths' White, Drees, and Regatta Shirts,
Men's and Youth's Crimean Shirts (all qualities)
Drab and White Moleskin and Cord (very best quality)
Bedford Cords, Scotch and English Tweeds,
Blankets, Flannels, Plaidings, Stripe Druggets,
Serges, Aberdeen Wincies and Wincey Petticoats,
Black and White Watered Morreen, Challis, Regge,
Alpacas, Mohairs, Coburgs, English and French Merinos,
Linen Checks, Derries, Prints, and Grey Cottons,
Superior White Sheetings, Sheetings, and Towellings,
Linens, Diapers, Brown Holland's, Cotton and Linen Tick,
Damask and Victoria Table Covers, Wool Plaids (various Class),
Wool Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Plaids, and Lace S nares,
Ladies' and Misses' Cot on, Merino, and L. W. Hose,
Men's and Youths' Cotton, Merino, and L. W. Half-hose and Hose,
Men's Aberdeen Knit Ribbed Half-hose and Hose,
Smallwares of every description, best quality,

As fresh supplies will be received monthly per steamer, parties may at all times rely on having an unequalled assortment to select from, of the newest Goods, at lowest possible cash price.

49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51

n 20 3m

"Be Not Penderous"

Calle Chacabuco je uring old market.

The owner of this old Publican House begs to notify his friends and the public that he has recently made the greatest improvement to his hotel. A splendid new Counter of 40 feet long, has been built, and the whole of the Saloons and Bedrooms for the sole use of his English and Irish friends from the camp, handsomely furnished, & the Dining Room and Bar, newly painted. The proprietor only spares to make it in all respects comfortable and the public satisfied

Buenos Ayres, July 30 1863.

HENRY VIGNOLES.
Proprietor.

j 31 x.

Sheep Shears.

Two flocks will be given on sha es to each recommended men of "practical" experience to ake herding; it is indispensably necessary that the applicants should have each four out of all such can show to this country. Apply at Dakin's Boarding house stone corner of Reconquista and Piedad.

16 p o 30

Caution.

COLLARD AND COLLARD'S
PIANOFORTES.

Having been appointed to secure, Collard and Collard's Pianofortes for the Exhibition of 1862, and the Jurors having awarded to them the Prize Medal, "for the general excellence of their Pianofortes," we beg to caution the public against purchasing inferior instruments, which have been sold somewhere in London in the Exhibition as and for Collard and Collard's Pianofortes. Each genuine instrument is signed by the Makers on the Fall-board, and bears the Exhibition Medal. Collard and Collard's Pianofortes are to be obtained only of their Sole Agents, 250, Regent Street, London, W. Where also may be obtained, as heretofore, Collard and Collard's Cottage Pianofortes, for Country use, in plain, elegant, or polished cases, and Collard and Collard's Harmonium, with the full tone of the Organ, and the sensitive touch of the Pianoforte, and combining every advantage of standing in tune almost to any climate.

For San Antonio de Areco.

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